

DiffEq - Ch 3 - Required Practice

3.1

#1. (a) 7.9 years, (b) 10.0 years

#2. (a) 6598 people, (b) 26,392 people,
(c) $3,658.7 \frac{\text{people}}{\text{year}}$

#3. 88.53 mg

#4. 136.5 hrs

#5. 12.055 yrs

#6. (a) 36.7°F , (b) 3.064 minutes

#7. (a) 82.13 seconds, (b) 145.7 seconds

#8. (a) $i(t) = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{3}{5}e^{-500t}$, (b) $\frac{3}{5}$ Amp

#9. (a) $q(t) = \frac{1}{100} - \frac{1}{100}e^{-50t}$, (b) $i(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-50t}$

#10. (a) $v(t) = -32t + 300$
(b) $s(t) = -16t^2 + 300t$
(c) $s_{\max} = 1406.25$ ft

#11. (a) $v(t) = -6400 + 6700e^{-0.005t}$,
(b) $s(t) = -6400t - 1340000e^{-0.005t} + 1340000$
(c) $s_{\max} = 1363.8$ ft

#12. 9.022 minutes

ANSWERS ONLY

3.2

#1.

(a) A phase diagram with 3 curves (see extra problem for an example).

For $P_0 > 4$: population decreases to 4.

For $1 < P_0 < 4$: population increases to 4.

For $P_0 < 1$: population decreases to 0.

$$(b) P(t) = \frac{4 - \left(\frac{P_0 - 4}{P_0 - 1}\right)e^{-3t}}{1 - \left(\frac{P_0 - 4}{P_0 - 1}\right)e^{-3t}}$$

(See extra problems for similar graphs)

For $P_0 < 1$, the population doesn't smoothly

decrease to zero because it encounters a vertical asymptote.

(c) For any $P_0 < 1$, the population becomes extinct

$$\text{at the time } t = \frac{\ln\left(4 \frac{P_0 - 1}{P_0 - 4}\right)}{-3}$$