

**Unit 7 Practice Test additional parts to #5:**

**f) What is the r-squared value? Interpret the meaning of this value.**

$r\text{-squared} = .566$

56.6% of the variation in student weights is explained by the LSRL relating student weight to student height.

**g) What is  $S_b$ ? Interpret the meaning of this value.**

$S_b = 1.333 \text{ lbs/in}$

If we repeated the experiment multiple times, each sample's LSRL would have a slope  $b$ . These slopes would vary from sample to sample.  $S_b = 1.333 \text{ lbs/in}$  is the standard error or standard deviation (a measure of variability) of these sample LSRL slope values.

**h) What is  $s$ ? Interpret the meaning of this value.**

$S = 14.16 \text{ lbs}$

The value  $s = 14.16 \text{ lbs}$  is the standard deviation of the residuals. This means that for a given student height, the LSRL provides a predicted student weight. The actual students at that height have different weights, some above and some below the predicted weight.  $S = 14.16 \text{ lbs}$  means that the average difference between actual weights and the LSRL predicted weight, for a given height, is 14.16 lbs.