Init	6 Practice Test - Inference for Means - Part VI Name
	Which statement correctly compares t-distributions to the normal distribution?  I. t distributions are also mound shaped and symmetric.  II. t distributions have less spread than the normal distribution.  III. As degrees of freedom increase, the variance of t distributions becomes smaller.
	A) I only B) II only C) I and II only D) I and III only E) I, II, and III
2.	A marketing company reviewing the length of television commercials monitored a random sample of commercials over several days. They found that a 95% confidence interval for the mean length (in seconds) of commercials aired daily was (23, 27). Which is true?  A) 95% of the commercials they checked were between 23 and 27 seconds long.  B) 95% of all the commercials aired were between 23 and 27 seconds a day.  C) Commercials average between 23 and 27 seconds long on 95% of the days.  D) 95% of all samples would show mean commercial length between 23 and 27 seconds.  E) We're 95% sure that the mean commercial length is between 23 and 27 seconds.
3.	A random sample of 120 classrooms at a large university found that 70% of them had been cleaned properly. What is the standard error of the sample proportion?  A) 0.028 B) 0.042 C) 0.046 D) 0.082 E) 0.458
4.	A coffee house owner knows that customers pour different amounts of coffee into their cups. She samples cups from 10 costumers she believes to be representative of the customers and weighs the cups, finding a mean of 12.5 ounces and standard deviation of 0.5 ounces. Assuming these cups of coffee can be considered a random sample of all cups of coffee which of the following formulas gives a 95% confidence interval for the mean weight of all
	cups of coffee? A) $12.5 \pm 1.969 \left( \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{10}} \right)$ B) $12.5 \pm 2.228 \left( \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{10}} \right)$ C) $12.5 \pm 2.262 \left( \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{10}} \right)$
	D) $12.5 \pm 2.228 \left( \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{9}} \right)$ E) $12.5 \pm 2.262 \left( \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{9}} \right)$
	Doctors at a technology research facility randomly assigned equal numbers of people to use computer keyboards in two rooms. In one room a group of people typed a manuscript using standard keyboards, while in the other room people typed the same manuscript using ergonomic keyboards to see if those people could type more words per minute. After collecting data for several days the researchers tested the hypothesis $H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$ against the one-tail alternative and found $P = 0.22$ . Which is true?
	A) The people using ergonomic keyboards type 22% more words per minute.

B) There's a 22% chance that people using ergonomic keyboards type more words per

C) There's a 22% chance that there's really no difference in typing speed.D) There's a 22% chance another experiment will give these same results.

minute.

E) None of these.

6.	records, and we This procedure	attend this so use the TI-8 was not appr	chool. He checks 3 to create a 959	s all the famili % confidence	ies using the interval base	scho ed on	of's regi a <i>t</i> -distr	stratic	on n.
	<ul><li>B) The entire p</li><li>C) The recent</li><li>D) The popula</li></ul>	oopulation of record-setting tion standard	families was ga g family with tw deviation is kno es are not rando	thered so ther elve children wn, so he sho	e is no reaso is probably a	n to d an ou	lo intere tlier.	nce.	
7.	Trainers need to based on a sma main purpose o	Il sample but	now the trainers	s double the sa	ample size fo	or a f	ollow-uţ	test.	re The
	A) reduce responding C) reduce non-	response bias		ecrease the val duce confoun viation of the	ding due to	other	pulation variable	S.	
8.	rejected the nul	of population Il hypothesis,	arge independ means using α but the other us been their calcul	= 0.02. One s ed a two-tail t	student used test and faile	a on	e-tail tes	t and	
	A) 1.22	B) 1.55	C) 1.88	D) 2.22	E) 2.66				
9.	The two sample to come from po- estimate of the p	opulations wi	stics are given in th equal variance andard deviation	es. What is th	thought e pooled	n 50 55	<b>Mean</b> 22 25	3 4	
	A) 1.87	B) 3.50	C) 3.52	D) 3.56	E) 5.00				
10	Which of the formal has been desired the null has been desired to be a b	intact lenses from the standard from the standar	From another pop $\mu_{old} - \mu_{new} = 0$ Id be a Type II en the sess are cheapernises are cheapernises are not real	oular company against the a error? when in fact when in fact by cheaper, when	they really a they are not	ted so  A: $\mu_o$ are.  Ley ar	ome data $-\mu_{_{new}}$	, then	are

- 11. Housing costs A government report on housing costs says that single-family home prices nationwide are skewed to the right, with a mean of \$235,700.
  - a. We collect price data from a random sample of 50 homes in Orange County, California. Why is it okay to use these data for inference even though the population is skewed?
  - b. The standard deviation of the 50 homes in our sample was \$25,500. Specify the sampling model (shape, center, spread) for the mean price of such samples.
  - c. This sample of randomly chosen homes produced a 90% confidence interval for the mean price in Orange County of (\$233954, \$246046). Does this interval provide evidence that single-family home prices are unusually high in this county? Explain briefly.
  - d. Suppose we hope improve our estimate by choosing a new sample. How many home prices must we survey to have 90% confidence of estimating the mean local price to within \$2000?

12. Gas mileage Hoping to improve the gas mileage of their cars, a car company has made an adjustment in the manufacturing process. Random samples of automobiles coming off the assembly line have been measured each week that the plant has been in operation. The data from before and after the manufacturing adjustments were made are in the table. It is believed that measurements of gas mileage are normally distributed. Write a complete conclusion about the manufacturing adjustments based on the statistical software printout shown below.

SET M1
 24
 21
 26
 25
 23
 24
 19
 22
 20
 24
 20
 21
 27
 22

 SET M2
 22
 24
 28
 27
 24
 22
 24
 27
 25
 27
 23
 28

 Two Sample T for M1 vs M2
 N
 Mean
 StDev
 SEMean

 M1
 14
 22.71
 2.40
 0.64

 M2
 13
 25.31
 2.29
 0.64

 95% Cl for 
$$\mu_2 - \mu_1$$
 (0.74, 4.45)

 T-Test
  $\mu_1 = \mu_2$  (vs.  $\mu_1 < \mu_2$ ):  $T = 2.88$ 
 $P = 0.0041$ 
 $DF = 24.98$ 

13. Test identification Suppose you were asked to analyze each of the situations described below. (NOTE: Do not <u>do</u> these problems!) For each, indicate which procedure you would use (pick the appropriate number from the list), the test statistic (z or t), and, <u>if t</u>, the number of degrees of freedom. A procedure may be used more than once.

	Туре	7/1?	df
a.			al and
b.			
c.			
d.			
e.			
f.		1,5-2-10	Jete

- 1. proportion 1 sample
- 2. difference of proportions, 2 samples
- 3. mean − 1 sample
- 4. difference of means independent samples
- 5. mean of differences matched pairs
- a. A union organization would like to represent the employees at the local market. A sample of the employees revealed 74 of 120 were in favor of the union. Does the union have the required 3 to 2 majority?
- b. An oral surgeon is interested in estimating how long it takes to extract all four wisdom teeth. The doctor records the times for 24 randomly chosen surgeries. Estimate the time it takes to perform the surgery with a 95% confidence interval.
- c. A microwave manufacturing company receives large shipments of thermal shields from two suppliers. A sample from each supplier's shipment is selected and tested for the rate of defects. The microwave manufacturing company's contract with each supplier states the shipment with the smallest rate of defect will be accepted. Do the shipments' defect rates vary from each other?
- d. The owner of a construction company would like to know if his current work teams can build room additions quicker than the time allotted for by the contract. A random sample of 15 room additions completed recently revealed an average completion time of 0.32 days faster than contracted. Is this strong evidence that the teams can complete room additions in less than the contract times?
- e. A farmer would like to know if a new fertilizer increases his crop yield. In an effort to decide this, the farmer recorded the yield for 10 different fields prior to adding fertilizer and after adding the fertilizer. The farmer assumes the crop yields are approximately normal. Does the fertilizer work as advertised?
- f. In a study to determine whether there is a difference between the average jail time convicted bank robbers and car thieves are sentenced to, the law students randomly selected 20 cases of each type that resulted in jail sentences during the previous year. A 90% confidence interval was created from the results.

- 14. Improving productivity A packing company considers hiring a national training consultant in hopes of improving productivity on the packing line. The national consultant agrees to work with 18 employees for one week as part of a trial before the packing company makes a decision about the training program. The training program will be implemented if the average product packed increases by more than 10 cases per day per employee. The packing company manager will test a hypothesis using  $\alpha = 0.05$ .
  - a. Write appropriate hypotheses (in words and in symbols).
  - b. In this context, which do you consider to be more serious a Type I or a Type II error? Explain briefly.
  - c. After this trial produced inconclusive results the manager decided to test the training program again with another group of employees. Describe two changes he could make in the trial to increase the power of the test, and explain the disadvantages of each.

15. Flight costs Every year Educational Services (ETS) selects readers for the Advanced Placement Exams. Recently the AP Statistics exam has been graded in Lincoln, Nebraska. One

West

East

objective of ETS is to achieve equity in grading by inviting teachers to be readers from all parts of the nation. However budgets are a consideration also. The accountants at ETS wonder if the flights from cities west of Lincoln are the same as flight costs from cities east of Lincoln. A random sample of the expense vouchers from last year was reviewed for the cost of airline tickets. Costs (in dollars) are shown in the table.

Indicate what inference procedure you would use to see if there is a significant difference in the costs of airline flights between the west and east coasts to Lincoln, Nebraska, then decide if it is okay to actually perform that inference procedure. (Check the appropriate assumptions and conditions and indicate whether you could or could not proceed. You do not have to do the actual test.)