4. Investigators at the U.S. Department of Agriculture wished to compare methods of determining the level of *E. coli* bacteria contamination in beef. Two different methods (A and B) of determining the level of contamination were used on each of ten randomly selected specimens of a certain type of beef. The data obtained, in millimicrobes/liter of ground beef, for each of the methods are shown in the table below.

<div align="center">Specimen</div>

Method		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	A	22.7	23.6	24.0	27.1	27.4	27.8	34.4	35.2	40.4	46.8
	B	23.0	23.1	23.7	26.5	26.6	27.1	33.2	35.0	40.5	47.8

Is there a significant difference in the mean amount of *E. coli* bacteria detected by the two methods for this type of beef? Provide a statistical justification to support your answer.

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