

**2007 AP® STATISTICS FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS**

**STATISTICS**

**SECTION II**

**Part A**

**Questions 1-5**

**Spend about 65 minutes on this part of the exam.**

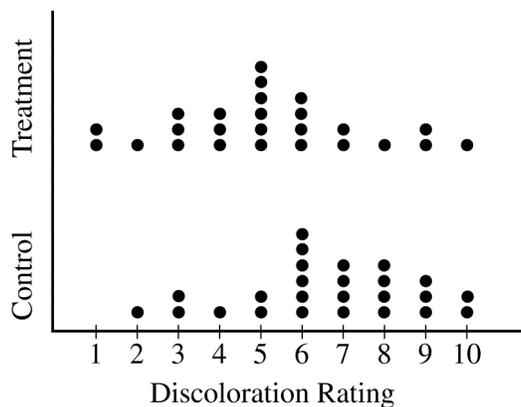
**Percent of Section II grade—75**

**Directions:** Show all your work. Indicate clearly the methods you use, because you will be graded on the correctness of your methods as well as on the accuracy and completeness of your results and explanations.

1. The department of agriculture at a university was interested in determining whether a preservative was effective in reducing discoloration in frozen strawberries. A sample of 50 ripe strawberries was prepared for freezing. Then the sample was randomly divided into two groups of 25 strawberries each. Each strawberry was placed into a small plastic bag.

The 25 bags in the control group were sealed. The preservative was added to the 25 bags containing strawberries in the treatment group, and then those bags were sealed. All bags were stored at 0°C for a period of 6 months. At the end of this time, after the strawberries were thawed, a technician rated each strawberry's discoloration from 1 to 10, with a low score indicating little discoloration.

The dotplots below show the distributions of discoloration rating for the control and treatment groups.



- (a) The standard deviation of ratings for the control group is 2.141. Explain how this value summarizes variability in the control group.
- (b) Based on the dotplots, comment on the effectiveness of the preservative in lowering the amount of discoloration in strawberries. (No calculations are necessary.)
- (c) Researchers at the university decided to calculate a 95 percent confidence interval for the difference in mean discoloration rating between strawberries that were not treated with preservative and those that were treated with preservative. The confidence interval they obtained was (0.16, 2.72). Assume that the conditions necessary for the  $t$ -confidence interval are met.

Based on the confidence interval, comment on whether there would be a difference in the population mean discoloration ratings for the treated and untreated strawberries.