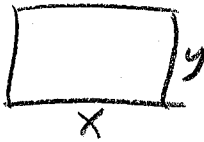


Unit 4 - optimization problems review

①



objective function

$$\begin{aligned} (\max) A &= xy \\ A &= x(160-x) \\ A &= 160x - x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A' = 0 \quad A' \text{ DNE}$$

$$160 - 2x = 0$$

$$2x = 160$$

$$x = 80 : y = 160 - 80 = 80$$

constraint

$$L = 2x + 2y = 320$$

$$2y = 320 - 2x$$

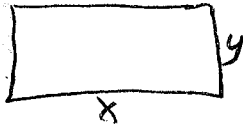
$$y = 160 - x$$

check to see if min or max:

$$A'' = -2 \quad \text{concave down so max}$$

$$\boxed{80 \text{ yds} \times 80 \text{ yds}}$$

②



objective function

$$\begin{aligned} L &= 2x + 2y \\ L &= 2x + 2\left(\frac{10000}{x}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$L = 2x + 20000x^{-1}$$

$$L' = 0 \quad L' \text{ DNE}$$

$$2 - 20000x^{-2} = 0 \quad x = 0 \text{ (not possible)}$$

$$\frac{20000}{x^2} = 2, \quad x^2 = 10000, \quad x = \pm 100 \text{ (- not possible)}$$

constraint

$$A = xy = 10000$$

$$y = \frac{10000}{x}$$

check to see if min or max:

$$L'' = 40000x^{-3} = \frac{40000}{x^3}$$

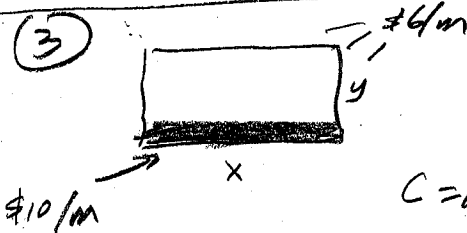
$$x = 100 \text{ (+)}$$

concave up so min

$$y = \frac{10000}{100} = 100$$

$$\boxed{100 \text{ m} \times 100 \text{ m}}$$

③



objective function

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 10x + 6(x + 2y) \\ C &= 10x + 6x + 12\left(\frac{10000}{x}\right) \\ C &= 16x + 120000x^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$C' = 0 \quad C' \text{ DNE}$$

$$16 - 120000x^{-2} = 0$$

$$\frac{120000}{x^2} = 16$$

$$16x^2 = 120000$$

$$x^2 = 7500$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{7500} = 86.6025 \text{ (+ not possible)}$$

$$y = \frac{10000}{\sqrt{7500}} = 115.4701$$

constraint

$$\begin{aligned} A &= xy = 10000 \\ y &= \frac{10000}{x} \end{aligned}$$

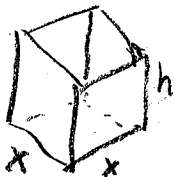
check to see if min or max:

$$C'' = 240000x^{-3} = \frac{240000}{x^3} \quad \text{is (+)}$$

concave up so min cost

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} x \text{ (expensive side)} &= \sqrt{7500} \approx 86.6025 \text{ m} \\ y &= \frac{10000}{\sqrt{7500}} \approx 115.4701 \text{ m} \end{aligned}}$$

4



objective function

$$(max) V = x^2 h$$

$$V = x^2 \left(\frac{1200 - x^2}{4x} \right)$$

$$V = \frac{1}{4} x (1200 - x^2)$$

$$V = 300x - \frac{1}{4} x^3$$

$$V' = 0$$

V' DNE

$$300 - \frac{3}{4} x^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{3}{4} x^2 = 300$$

$$3x^2 = 1200$$

$$x^2 = 400$$

$$x = \pm 20 : h = \frac{1200 - 20^2}{4(20)} = 10$$

(- not possible)

constraint

$$S = 4xh + x^2 = 1200$$

$$4xh = 1200 - x^2$$

$$h = \frac{1200 - x^2}{4x}$$

check if min or max:

$$V'' = -\frac{3}{2} x \Big|_{at x=20} (-)$$

concave down

so max volume

$$V_{max} = (20)^2(10) = 4000 \text{ cm}^3$$

with $x = 20 \text{ cm}, h = 10 \text{ cm}$

5

$$P = \frac{100I}{I^2 + I + 4}$$

$$P' = \frac{(I^2 + I + 4)(100) - (100I)(2I + 1)}{(I^2 + I + 4)^2}$$

$$P' = 0$$

P' DNE

denominator = zero?

$$-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4(1)} \text{ no real zeros}$$

$$\frac{100I^2 + 100I + 400 - 200I^2 - 100I}{(I^2 + I + 4)^2}$$

$$\frac{-100I^2 + 400}{(I^2 + I + 4)^2} = 0$$

$$100I^2 = 400$$

$$I^2 = 4$$

$$I = \pm 2$$

(-2 not possible)

$$I = 2$$

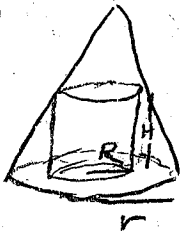
check if min or max

I'' difficult, so check I' values:

$$\begin{array}{c} \infty \quad (0) \quad 2 \quad (3) \quad \infty \\ \text{max } P \\ \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\ (4) \quad \quad (4) \\ \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\ (+) \quad \quad (+) \end{array}$$

$$P_{max} \text{ at } I = 2 \text{ (thousand fast cars)}$$

6



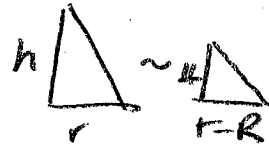
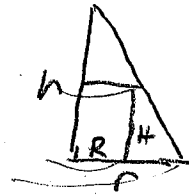
objective function $V = \pi R^2 H$

constraint

$$\frac{h}{r} = \frac{H}{r-R}$$

$$V = \pi R^2 \left(\frac{h(r-R)}{r} \right)$$

$$\begin{cases} h(r-R) = Hr \\ H = \frac{h(r-R)}{r} \end{cases}$$



$$V = \pi R^2 \frac{h}{r} (r-R)$$

$$V = (\pi h) R^2 - \left(\pi \frac{h}{r} \right) R^3 \quad \leftarrow r \text{ \& } h \text{ are constants}$$

$$V' = 2(\pi h) R - 3\left(\pi \frac{h}{r}\right) R^2$$

$$V' = 0$$

$$V' \text{ DNE}$$

check if min or max

$$V'' = 2\pi h - 6\pi \frac{h}{r} R$$

when $R = \frac{2r}{3}$:

$$V'' = 2\pi h - 6\pi \frac{h}{r} \frac{2r}{3}$$

$$= 2\pi h - 4\pi \frac{2h}{r} < 0 \text{ for } +h, +r$$

concave down

so max V

$$(2\pi h) R - (3\pi \frac{h}{r}) R^2 = 0$$

$$R(2\pi h) - (3\pi \frac{h}{r}) R = 0$$

$R=0$
(not possible)

$$(2\pi h) - (3\pi \frac{h}{r}) R = 0$$

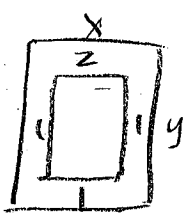
$$(3\pi \frac{h}{r}) R = (2\pi h)$$

$$R = \frac{2\pi h}{3\pi \frac{h}{r}} = \frac{\pi h (2)}{\pi h (\frac{3}{r})} = \frac{2r}{3}$$

$$H = \frac{h(r-R)}{r} = \frac{h(r - \frac{2r}{3})}{r} = \frac{h(\frac{3r}{3} - \frac{2r}{3})}{r} = \frac{h(\frac{1}{3}r)}{r} = \frac{h}{3}$$

$$V_{\max} = \pi \left(\frac{2r}{3} \right)^2 \frac{h}{3} = \boxed{\frac{4\pi}{27} r^2 h}$$

(7)



printed area

$$x-2$$



objective function

$$A = (x-2)(y-3)$$

constraint

$$A_{total} = xy = 180$$

$$y = \frac{180}{x}$$

$$A_{print} = (x-2)\left(\frac{180}{x} - 3\right)$$

$$A_p = 180 - 3x - \frac{360}{x} + 6$$

$$A'_p = -3 + \frac{360}{x^2} = -3 + 360x^{-2}$$

$$A' = 0$$

$$A' \neq 0$$

$x = 0$ (not possible)

$$-3 + \frac{360}{x^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{360}{x^2} = 3$$

$$3x^2 = 360$$

$$x^2 = 120$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{120} = 10.9544$$

(- not possible)

$$y = \frac{180}{x} = \frac{180}{\sqrt{120}} = 16.4317$$

check if min or max

$$A'' = -720x^{-3} = \frac{-720}{x^3}$$

concave down
Max A_p

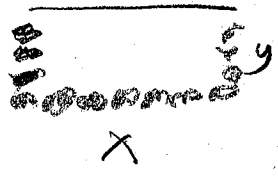
$$x = \sqrt{120} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 30} = 2\sqrt{30} \text{ in}$$

$$y = \frac{180}{\sqrt{120}} = \frac{180}{2\sqrt{30}} = \frac{90}{\sqrt{30}} \text{ in}$$

8

Objective function

Constraint



$$C(\text{min}) = 15(x+2y) + 10(x)$$

$$A = xy = 3000$$

$$C = 15(x + 2(\frac{3000}{x})) + 10x$$

$$y = \frac{3000}{x}$$

$$C = 15x + \frac{90000}{x} + 10x$$

$$C = 25x + \frac{90000}{x} = 25x + 90000x^{-1}$$

$$C' = 25 - 90000x^{-2} = 25 - \frac{90000}{x^2}$$

$$C' = 0$$

C' DNE
 $x > 0$ (not possible)

$$25 - \frac{90000}{x^2} = 0$$

check if min or max

$$\frac{90000}{x^2} = 25$$

$$C'' = 180000x^{-3} = \frac{180000}{x^3}$$

$$25x^2 = 90000$$

(+) for x

$$x^2 = 3600$$

concave up
 so min cost

$$x = \pm 60 \quad \therefore y = \frac{3000}{60} = 50$$

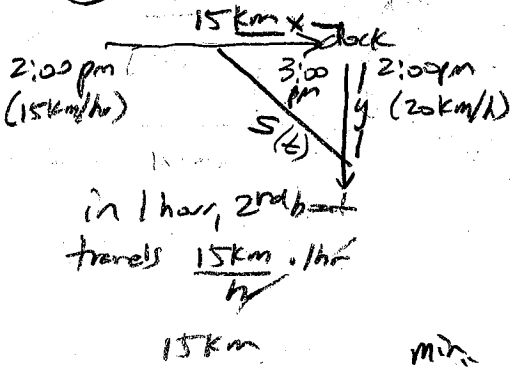
(- not possible)

$$C_{\text{min}} = 15(60) + 15(50) + 15(50) + 10(60)$$

$$C_{\text{min}} = \$3000$$

$$\text{when } x = 60 \text{ ft, } y = 50 \text{ ft}$$

(9)



objective function

$$S^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

constraint

$$x = 15 - 15t$$

$$y = 20t$$

(t in hours)

$$S^2 = (15 - 15t)^2 + (20t)^2$$

find min of S^2 (easier)

$$S^2 = 225 - 450t + 225t^2 + 400t^2$$

$$\text{min } D'' = S^2 = 625t^2 - 450t + 225$$

$$D' = 1250t - 450$$

$$D' = 0$$

$$D' \text{ DNE}$$

verify if min or max

$$1250t - 450 = 0$$

$$1250t = 450$$

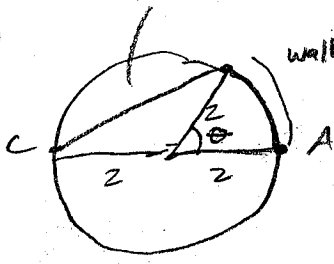
$$t = \frac{450}{1250} = \frac{9}{25} = .36 \text{ hrs}$$

$$D'' = 1250 (+)$$

concave up
so min
(distance)²

$$.36 \text{ hrs} \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} = \boxed{21.6 \text{ min after 2:00 pm}}$$

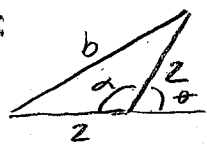
(10)



distance = (rate) time
 so time, $t = \frac{\text{dist}}{\text{rate}}$

define θ (radians)
 around to point where she
 changes from walking to boating
 walk: arc length = $r\theta$
 distance = 2θ
 so $t_{\text{walk}} = \frac{2\theta}{4}$

boat:



$\alpha = \pi - \theta$
 $(180^\circ - \theta)$
 law of cosines:
 $b^2 = 2^2 + 2^2 - 2(2)(2)\cos\alpha$
 $b^2 = 8 - 8\cos\alpha$
 $b = \sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}$

so $t_{\text{boat}} = \frac{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}}{2}$

objective function

(min) $t = t_{\text{walk}} + t_{\text{boat}}$

$$t = \frac{2\theta}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}}{2}$$

need in terms of one variable, let's use α
 so $\theta = \pi - \alpha$

$$t = \frac{2(\pi - \alpha)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2}\pi - \frac{1}{2}\alpha + \frac{1}{2}(8 - 8\cos\alpha)^{1/2}$$

$$t' = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}(8 - 8\cos\alpha)^{-1/2}(8\sin\alpha)$$

$$t' = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2\sin\alpha}{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}}$$

$t' = 0$

$$-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2\sin\alpha}{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}} = 0$$

$$\frac{2\sin\alpha}{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

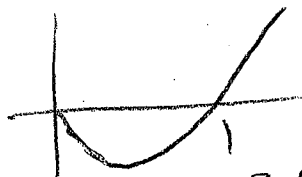
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha} = 2\sin\alpha$$

$$(\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha})^2 = (4\sin\alpha)^2$$

$$8 - 8\cos\alpha = 16\sin^2\alpha$$

$$y = 8 - 8\cos\alpha - 16(\sin\alpha)^2 = 0$$

use calculator to find zeros
 from $\alpha = 0$ to π



t' DNE

$$\sqrt{8 - 8\cos\alpha} > 0$$

$$8 - 8\cos\alpha > 0$$

$$8\cos\alpha = 8$$

$$\cos\alpha = 1$$

$$\alpha = 0$$



2 critical values for α
 try both and see which is
 minimum time

$$\alpha = 0 \quad t = \frac{2(\pi - 0)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos 0}}{2}$$

$$= 1.570796 \text{ hrs}$$

$$\alpha = 2.0943$$

$$t = \frac{2(\pi - 2.0943)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{8 - 8\cos(2.0943)}}{2}$$

$$= 2.25564$$

Minimum time is if $\alpha = 0$
 (she walks all the way around
 and doesn't use the boat at all)