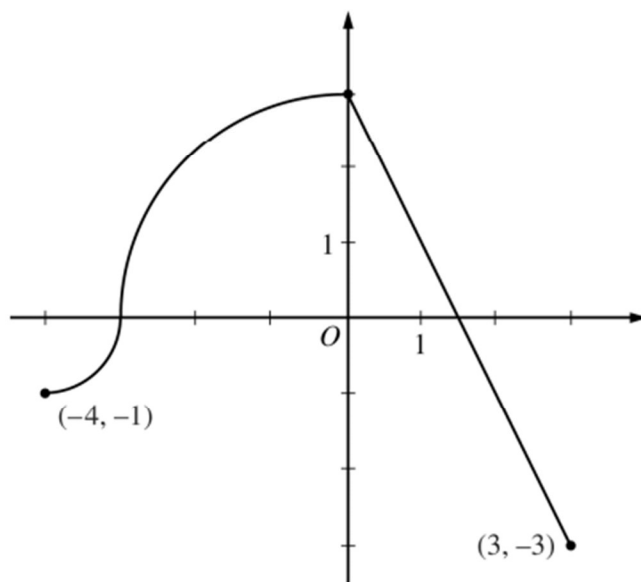


FRQ #4b (NO Calculator) – Using graph of f , derivative of integral, Mean/Intermediate Value Theorems, evaluating integrals using geometry, $f''(x)$ applications, $f'(x)$ applications

2011 AP[®] CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

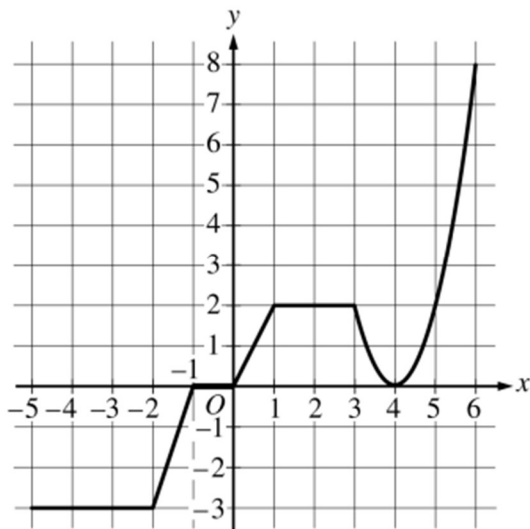


Graph of f

4. The continuous function f is defined on the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 3$. The graph of f consists of two quarter circles and one line segment, as shown in the figure above. Let $g(x) = 2x + \int_0^x f(t) dt$.
- Find $g(-3)$. Find $g'(x)$ and evaluate $g'(-3)$.
 - Determine the x -coordinate of the point at which g has an absolute maximum on the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 3$. Justify your answer.
 - Find all values of x on the interval $-4 < x < 3$ for which the graph of g has a point of inflection. Give a reason for your answer.
 - Find the average rate of change of f on the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 3$. There is no point c , $-4 < c < 3$, for which $f'(c)$ is equal to that average rate of change. Explain why this statement does not contradict the Mean Value Theorem.

FRQ #4c (NO Calculator) – Using graph of f and f' , evaluating integrals with geometry and by Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, $f'(x)$ applications, $f''(x)$ applications

2018 AP[®] CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



Graph of g

3. The graph of the continuous function g , the derivative of the function f , is shown above. The function g is piecewise linear for $-5 \leq x < 3$, and $g(x) = 2(x - 4)^2$ for $3 \leq x \leq 6$.
- If $f(1) = 3$, what is the value of $f(-5)$?
 - Evaluate $\int_1^6 g(x) dx$.
 - For $-5 < x < 6$, on what open intervals, if any, is the graph of f both increasing and concave up? Give a reason for your answer.
 - Find the x -coordinate of each point of inflection of the graph of f . Give a reason for your answer.

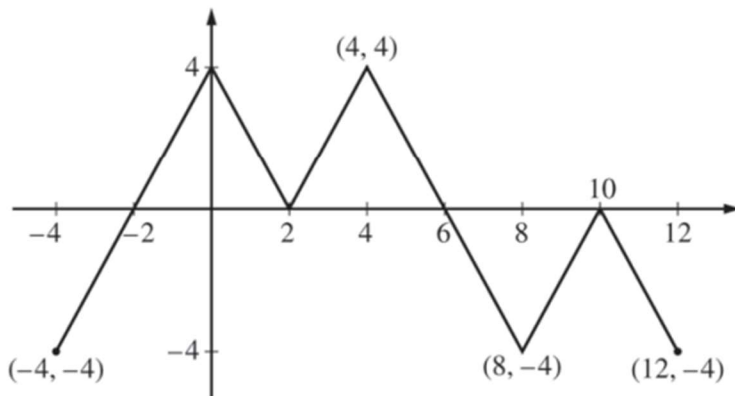
2016 AP[®] CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

**CALCULUS BC
SECTION II, Part B**

Time—60 minutes

Number of problems—4

No calculator is allowed for these problems.

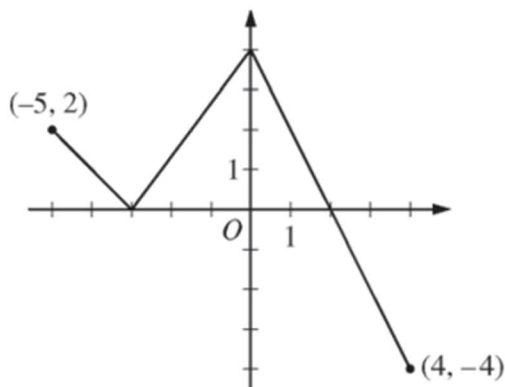


Graph of f

3. The figure above shows the graph of the piecewise-linear function f . For $-4 \leq x \leq 12$, the function g is defined by $g(x) = \int_2^x f(t) dt$.
- (a) Does g have a relative minimum, a relative maximum, or neither at $x = 10$? Justify your answer.
 - (b) Does the graph of g have a point of inflection at $x = 4$? Justify your answer.
 - (c) Find the absolute minimum value and the absolute maximum value of g on the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 12$. Justify your answers.
 - (d) For $-4 \leq x \leq 12$, find all intervals for which $g(x) \leq 0$.

FRQ #4e (NO Calculator) – Using graph of f and f' , derivatives (tangent lines), evaluating integrals with geometry, derivative rules, $f'(x)$ applications, $f''(x)$ applications

2014 AP[®] CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

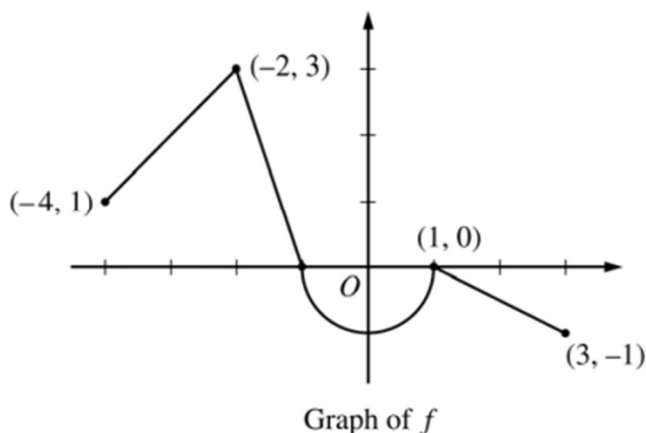


Graph of f

3. The function f is defined on the closed interval $[-5, 4]$. The graph of f consists of three line segments and is shown in the figure above. Let g be the function defined by $g(x) = \int_{-3}^x f(t) dt$.
- (a) Find $g(3)$.
- (b) On what open intervals contained in $-5 < x < 4$ is the graph of g both increasing and concave down? Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) The function h is defined by $h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{5x}$. Find $h'(3)$.
- (d) The function p is defined by $p(x) = f(x^2 - x)$. Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of p at the point where $x = -1$.

FRQ #4f (NO Calculator) – Using graph of f and f' , derivative of integral, evaluating integrals using geometry, $f'(x)$ applications, $f''(x)$ applications

2012 AP[®] CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS



3. Let f be the continuous function defined on $[-4, 3]$ whose graph, consisting of three line segments and a semicircle centered at the origin, is given above. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = \int_1^x f(t) dt$.
- Find the values of $g(2)$ and $g(-2)$.
 - For each of $g'(-3)$ and $g''(-3)$, find the value or state that it does not exist.
 - Find the x -coordinate of each point at which the graph of g has a horizontal tangent line. For each of these points, determine whether g has a relative minimum, relative maximum, or neither a minimum nor a maximum at the point. Justify your answers.
 - For $-4 < x < 3$, find all values of x for which the graph of g has a point of inflection. Explain your reasoning.