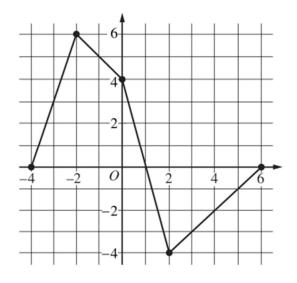
FRQ #4 (NO Calculator) – <u>Using graph of f</u>, evaluate integrals with Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Evaluating Limits/L'Hopital's Rule, <u>Mean/Intermediate Value Theorems</u>, <u>evaluating integrals using geometry</u>, derivative rules, f'(x) applications, f"(x) application, average vs instantaneous rates of change, net change theorem

AP® Calculus BC 2021 Free-Response Questions



Graph of f

- Let *f* be a continuous function defined on the closed interval −4 ≤ x ≤ 6. The graph of *f*, consisting of four line segments, is shown above. Let *G* be the function defined by G(x) = ∫₀^x f(t) dt.
 - (a) On what open intervals is the graph of G concave up? Give a reason for your answer.
 - (b) Let P be the function defined by $P(x) = G(x) \cdot f(x)$. Find P'(3).
 - (c) Find $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{G(x)}{x^2 2x}$.
 - (d) Find the average rate of change of G on the interval [-4, 2]. Does the Mean Value Theorem guarantee a value c, -4 < c < 2, for which G'(c) is equal to this average rate of change? Justify your answer.